



## A mild Girsanov formula

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(Work in progress in collaboration with Enrico Priola (Pavia) and Luciano Tubaro (Trento))

### ABSTRACT

We consider the SPDE

$$dZ = (AZ + b(Z)dt + dW(t), \quad Z(0) = x$$

on a Hilbert space  $H$ , where  $A : H \rightarrow H$  is self-adjoint, negative and such that  $A^{-1}$  is of trace class,  $b : H \rightarrow H$  is Lipschitz continuous and bounded, and  $W$  is a cylindrical process on  $H$ . Setting  $P_T\varphi(x) = \mathbb{E}[\varphi(Z_x(T))]$  we prove, with the help of formula for nonlinear transformations of infinite dimensional Gaussian measures due to R. Ramer (*J. Functional Analysis*, **15**, 166–187, 1974), the identity

$$P_T\varphi(x) = \int_X \varphi(k(T) + e^{TA}x) \rho(x, k) N_{\mathbb{Q}_T}(dk), \quad (1)$$

where  $N_{\mathbb{Q}_T}$  is the law of  $W$  in  $L^2(0, T, H)$ ,

$$\rho(x, k) = \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} |\mathbb{Q}_T^{-1/2} \gamma_x(k)|_X^2 + M^*(\gamma_x(k)) \right\},$$

$$[\gamma_x(k)](t) = \int_0^t e^{(t-s)A} b(k(s) + e^{sA}x) ds$$

and  $M^*$  is the adjoint of the Malliavin derivative in  $X$ . Finally, letting  $T \rightarrow \infty$  in (1), we find an explicit formula for the invariant measure  $\nu$  of  $P_T$ , which is ergodic, strongly mixing and absolutely continuous with respect the Gaussian measure  $\mu = N_{-1/2 A^{-1}}$ .

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